

# The Big Stone Gap Post.

THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1898.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY  
**GILBERT N. KNIGHT,**  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Entered according to postal regulations at  
his post-office at Big Stone Gap as second-  
class matter.

ONE YEAR, \$1.00  
SIX MONTHS, .50  
THREE MONTHS, .25

## RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	12 MOS.	6 MOS.	3 MOS.
1 column -	\$100.00	\$50.00	\$25.00
2 " -	75.00	40.00	25.00
3 " -	50.00	25.00	12.00
4 " -	25.00	15.00	8.00
5 " -	15.00	8.50	5.00

The above rates are for standing advertisements  
only.

LOCAL ADVERTISEMENTS will be charged  
at the rate of 2 cents per line for each  
insertion.

The next time Fitz Lee goes to  
Havana he will probably carry his  
calling card in his scabbard.

The government is purchasing  
surgical instruments at a rate which  
indicates that it doesn't expect honor  
to set the broken legs.

The married ladies in a western  
city have formed a Come-home-hus-  
band club. It is about four feet  
long and has a brush on the end of  
it.

Things will be extremely dull on  
the political lines for some time to  
come, and we advise the professional  
agitators to stay at home and save  
railway fare.

The Spaniards evidently are intend-  
ing to play a waiting game, as they  
have sent their largest ships out of  
American waters, and are now on the  
other side.

The national sword is drawn and  
the scabbard thrown away, and we  
may expect lively times from now on  
until the Spaniards have been driven  
from American waters and the Amer-  
ican Continent.

The Spaniards in the United  
States at the present time are in no  
danger whatever. The Spaniards  
who are thinking of coming here to  
fight are the ones who may have un-  
pleasant experiences.

The area of the United States before  
the purchase of Alaska was 2,932,666  
square miles; Alaska contains  
550,000 square miles of mainland,  
7,000 square miles of the Aleutian  
islands and 22,000 miles of other  
islands, a total of 579,000 square miles,  
or one-fifth of the area of the rest of  
the United States.

The question of coal supplies  
makes it impossible for the Spanish  
to maintain their fleet on this side, as  
coal is declared by civilized nations to  
be contraband of war, and no nation  
would dare furnish either of the  
combatants coal, and the Spaniards  
not having any coal on this side—nor  
on the other either for that matter—  
would seem to be in a pretty hard fix  
for coal.

The statement issued by the Cuban  
Junta in New York that their country  
is satisfied with and grateful for the  
action of Congress, is a source of  
much gratification to all Americans.  
Our regulars and volunteers will yet  
have a chance to fight side by side  
with the brave veterans of Gomez and  
Garcia in the attack upon Havana  
which is to tear the yellow rag of  
Spain forever from the fair but un-  
happy island.

Nearly all of the modern wars have  
been begun in the month of April.  
The Revolutionary war, the Mexican  
war and the Civil war all began in  
this month. The war between Chili  
and Peru in 1879 began April 2, and  
that between Greece and Turkey  
April 19, 1897. The last mentioned  
one lasted only one month and the  
Hispano-American war will probably  
be terminated in less time than that.

The Government is chartering  
vessels for the purpose of shipping  
our infantry and artillery from this  
country to Cuba. It is expected that  
100,000 men will be landed in  
Cuba within the next two weeks, and  
it is believed that this force will be  
ample for completely subjugating  
Spanish rule in that island. Gen.  
Fitzhugh Lee, it is understood, will  
be commissioned as a Major General  
of Volunteers, and Mr. Roosevelt,  
Assistant Secretary of the Navy, it is  
said will take a position upon his  
staff.

If it be true that the usual summer  
exodus to Europe of wealthy tourists  
will be greatly curtailed by the exist-  
ence of war, the same result will fol-  
low as to the seaboarding resorts  
North and South. Consequently the  
mountain watering places may reason-  
ably expect a largely increased  
patronage, and even the mountain  
towns and villages should prepare to  
entertain more visitors than usual.

The world famous filibuster, the  
swift and rakish sea tug Danless, is  
now the dispatched boat of the  
Associated Press. She is being pro-  
visioned and coaled for her mission in  
Southern seas. When the necessity  
arises she will go to the scene of the  
fray and bring news to the world of  
naval conflict. She can show her  
heels to any craft of her kind upon  
the sea in rough weather. Powerful  
stanch, with hull of steel, she can  
battle with the waves and carry a  
rattling fine bone in her teeth. She  
will sail out of the port of Jackson-

ville with the war correspondent of  
the Associated Press and a crew of  
picked men, knowing every inch of  
the Florida and Cuban coasts.

## War.

It would require some superhuman  
power of divination to indicate an  
issue from these thronging clouds  
into the bright path of peace. Little  
by little, with countless checks and  
haltings, but always pressing forward  
to the melancholy goal, we have at  
last come face to face with war.  
There may still be some means of  
escaping the dreaded consequence.  
It is not absolutely impossible that,  
in the eleventh hour of the crises, a  
way shall be opened for us. But no  
ordinary mortal can imagine such a  
thing at this moment. Look where  
we will, no avenue of avoidance is  
discernible.

A large majority of our population  
has no practical knowledge or ex-  
perience of war. To most of us it  
presents itself in the alluring and  
romantic garb of gallantry. Like  
some fine image of excitement, tricked  
out in all the bravery of adventure,  
it appeals to the imagination and  
stimulates every heroic and ambitious  
instinct. We recall the glorious  
color of the crusades, the fields of  
Aere, the splendid deeds of Agincourt  
and Cressy. We see only the poetic  
side of a tragedy that has drenched  
the earth in blood and filled the cen-  
turies with lamentation. But war  
has another aspect. Hundreds of  
thousands of men now living are  
familiar with that aspect, and they  
know, without any suggestion from  
us, how sad and terrible it is. The  
mother gives her son, the wife her  
husband, the maid her lover, the child  
its father. There are periods of  
anguish, interludes of intolerable sus-  
pense, visitations of bereavement,  
eras of calamity. Behind the radiant  
banners and the glittering cavalades  
troop the specters of the victims, the  
procession of the lost. For every  
sword that flashes in the sunlight  
there is an episode of agony. For  
every throb of triumph, there is a  
grave. The sumptuous pageantry,  
the pomp, the circumstance, the  
acclamations of the victors, these  
make the bright side of the picture.  
Death, desolation, ruined homes, and  
broken hearts are carved upon the  
horrible reverse. Let us think of  
this.

But all misgiving and regret and  
speculation we must leave behind us  
on the threshold of the mysterious  
domain we are invading now. For  
weal or woe the die is cast and Amer-  
icans have no alternative. We stand  
together as brethren, as patriots, as  
kissmen. The first gun fires us into  
a homogeneous and indomitable mass.  
The first battle cry is an appeal to  
manhood, to duty and to self-abnega-  
tion that will not be denied. This is  
a nation slow to wrath, given to the  
ways of thrift and peace; but once  
rouse it from its amiable languor,  
once touch its hidden nerve, and you  
set free the fighting demons of a  
thousand years of war and apud the  
world with their awakened fury.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D.C., April 25.—There has  
been no occasion for anybody to find fault  
with the rapidly with which im-  
portant events have followed each other  
during the past week. The signing by  
the President of the armed intervention  
resolution; the ultimatum to Spain;  
the breaking of diplomatic relations with  
Spain; the proclamation declaring to  
the nations of the world the intention of  
the United States to blockade Havana  
and other Cuban ports; the actual estab-  
lishing of that blockade; the capture of  
Spanish merchant vessels by ships of the  
blockading squadron; the proclamation  
calling for 125,000 men to serve two years  
unless sooner discharged. That is the  
week's record of the most important acts  
of the executive branch of the govern-  
ment.

Congress has not been idle during the  
week. It passed the bill authorizing the  
formation of a volunteer army; the bill  
for reorganizing the regular army and in-  
creasing it in time of war to 60,000 men;  
adopted a resolution declaring the exist-  
ence of a state of war between Spain and  
the United States, besides doing the  
usual amount of routine business and at-  
tending the funeral of the late Senator  
Walthall, of Mississippi, which was held  
in the Senate chamber on Saturday and  
was attended by the President and all the  
members of the Cabinet.

The Ways and Means committee of the  
House upon which devolved the duty of  
preparing the bill to provide the money to  
pay the expenses of the war, has per-  
formed that duty and reported the bill to the  
House. The bill by the imposition of new  
internal revenue taxes and an increase of  
the taxes on beer and manufactured  
tobacco provides for an estimated increase  
of \$100,000,000 in the country's annual  
revenues. It also provides for the issue of  
\$500,000,000 in 3 per cent coin bonds, to  
run from ten to twenty years, at the option  
of the government, and authorizes the  
issue of \$100,000,000 in 3 per cent certifi-  
cates of indebtedness by the treasury.

The expectation is that the bill will be  
passed this week, as the disposition of  
Congress is to push everything connected  
with the conduct of the war through with-  
out prolonged discussion, recognizing the  
moral effect upon the world of speedy and  
united action by Congress upon war  
measures.

The fighting is not likely to be as speedy  
in arriving as the events which immedi-  
ately preceded the opening of the war. So  
far as known the bulk of the Spanish  
navy is on the other side of the Atlantic,  
with the intention of remaining there and  
devoting its attention to hunting for stray  
American merchant vessels which can be  
taken without fighting. There are numer-  
ous reports about their coming over here  
to fight, but our naval officers do not be-  
lieve them, although they would be more  
than glad to have them do so. Our navy

will not attack the forts of the Cuban  
ports it is blockading, unless it is first  
attacked by the forts; at least, not for a  
while. The present object is to make the  
blockade thoroughly effective and to  
capture and destroy all the Spanish ships  
that can be found. In addition to that, a  
small force will probably be landed at  
some port that is accessible to the insur-  
gent army, in order that it may be fur-  
nished the supplies and ammunition it  
needs to enable it to assume the aggres-  
sive towards the Spanish army. Food will  
also be landed for free distribution to the  
needy.

While this is going on in Cuba and  
Cuban waters the volunteer army will be  
gathered together in camps of instruction  
and prepared at the earliest moment to  
proceed to Cuba and drive the Spanish  
army off the island. This will take time.  
So it is just as well not to expect news of  
much fighting, unless the Spanish forts  
seek an engagement with the blockading  
squadron, or our Asiatic squadron finds  
the Spanish squadron it is hunting for,  
for several weeks to come.

Although the Postmaster General has  
nothing directly to do with the conduct of  
the war, the substitution of Hon. Charles  
Emory Smith, able editor and ex-Minister  
to Russia, for Hon. James A. Gary, who  
stated that his resignation of the Post-  
master Generalship was by direction of  
his physician, in the Cabinet, is regarded  
as the first step towards putting the Cab-  
inet on a war footing, and the second step  
is to be the substitution of a younger and  
more vigorous man for Hon. John Sher-  
man as Secretary of State. Senator Davis,  
of Minnesota, Chairman of the Senate  
committee on Foreign Relations, declined  
this post-office several weeks ago, but  
there is a report that he may change his  
mind and take it after all. There is some  
outspoken opposition among Senators and  
Representatives to the proposition that  
Judge Day shall succeed Secretary Sher-  
man; they say that Judge Day, who has  
had charge of all the Spanish negotiations  
of the present administration, has failed  
to demonstrate the high diplomatic skill  
that the Secretary of State should possess.  
Still the general expectation is that Day  
will be the man. There is no longer any  
doubt that Secretary Sherman's brain  
power is practically gone; the stories they  
tell about the old gentleman's talk are  
positively pitiable.

## Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Buck-  
len & Co., Chicago, and get a free  
sample box of Dr. King's New Life  
Pills. A trial will convince you of  
their merits. These pills are easy in  
action and are particularly effective  
in the cure of Constipation and Sick  
Headache. For malaria and liver  
troubles they have been proved invalu-  
able. They are guaranteed to be  
perfectly free from every deleterious  
substance and to be purely vegetable.  
They do not weaken by their action,  
but by giving tone to the stomach  
and bowels greatly invigorate the  
system. Regular size 25c. per box.  
Sold by J. W. Kelly, Druggist.

## FROM TACOMA.

Correspondence of The Big Stone Gap Post.

TACOMA, WA., April 25.—A number of  
our people went to Wise today to attend  
county court.

W. D. McNeil has returned from a visit  
to Bland and Floyd counties.

W. F. Roberts has opened up his new  
stock of merchandise.

B. P. Fink has moved his saw mill to  
Tacoma. The mill is in good condition  
and is doing excellent work.

Mrs. Emma Blevins returned from Lee  
county last week, where she had been  
visiting relatives.

The Terry property situated on what  
was anciently called Wall street will be  
sold at court today.

Preparations are being made to have a  
nice and profitable time at this place the  
fourth Sunday in May. Set a part as  
children's day.

The Miller mills are at work. The  
building and machinery recently destroy-  
ed by fire will be replaced.

A horse was killed this morning by the  
train. The horse belonged to Nicholas  
Horne.

## FROM EAST STONE GAP.

Correspondence of The Big Stone Gap Post.

EAST STONE GAP, VA., April 23.—Yester-  
day was the election at this place to say  
whether for the next two years we will  
have saloons or no saloons. Owing to it  
being a fine day for work, there was only  
about half the voters out. Yet notwith-  
standing the fact of a poor turnout the  
East Stone Gap precinct as two years ago  
again declared through the suffrages of  
its voters, that the liquor traffic should  
not be carried on in our little village to  
corrupt the morals, and delude our sons,  
but instead we would preserve the sanctity

## Weak Lungs

If you have coughed and  
coughed until the lining mem-  
brane of your throat and lungs  
is inflamed,

## Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil will soothe,  
strengthen and probably cure.  
The cod-liver oil feeds and  
strengthens the weakened tis-  
sues. The glycerine soothes  
and heals them. The hypo-  
phosphites of lime and soda  
impart tone and vigor. Don't  
neglect these coughs. One  
bottle of the Emulsion may do  
more for you now than ten  
can do later on. Be sure you  
get SCOTT'S Emulsion.

All druggists; Soc. and Geo.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

of our homes and the purity of our  
children.

There was polled at this place 135 votes,  
23 for and 112 against saloons, a majority  
of 89 against the accursed traffic, making  
good the promise made before the election  
via. That our precinct should again re-  
deem the Richmond district from the  
saloon power if left to her.

The interest of the saloons was repre-  
sented here by Dr. Johnson, of Kentucky,  
a Mr. Powers, of Tennessee, and Joe  
Willis, of Norton.

What is the matter with the saloon  
party of this district that they have to go  
out of the district and even out of the  
State to get men to advocate their in-  
quiries cause? Or has the time come, that  
the voters of the grand old commonwealth  
of Virginia, the mother of States and the  
birth place of Washington, Jefferson and  
Lee, has sunk so low in intelligence that  
they have to be shown their duties by  
Runnites from Kentucky and Tennessee?  
Men who came here and gave as the grand  
reason why everybody should vote a wet  
ticket was that under license, lawlessness  
and crime would thereby be prevented.  
Yet even while using this argument to  
mislead and deceive the voters, this law  
and order party in direct violation of the  
law were using whiskey and money to  
bribe and influence the voters of this  
place to vote the wet ticket. In proof of  
which one of their workers was arrested  
and a bottle of whiskey found in his  
pocket, and a keg containing about one-  
half gallon of whiskey was found in a  
consulting room. And still worse for  
them their Norton representative was  
arrested and bound in a bond of \$100 to  
answer an indictment for treating on  
whiskey on the election grounds on the  
day of election. So you see the methods  
used by this law and order party to try  
to carry the vote of this place, but thanks  
to the voters of this place they have too  
much independence and good sense to be  
led, enfold or bribed by a representative  
of a brewery company or a Kentucky sal-  
lone.

## Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Maryville,  
Tex., has found a more valuable dis-  
covery than has yet been made in the  
Klondike. For years he suffered un-  
told agony from consumption, ac-  
companied by hemorrhages; and was  
absolutely cured by Dr. King's New  
Discovery for Consumption, Coughs  
and Colds. He declares that gold is  
of little value in comparison with  
this marvelous cure; would have it,  
even if it cost a hundred dollars a  
bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all  
throat and lung affections are posi-  
tively cured by Dr. King's New Dis-  
covery for consumption. Trial bot-  
tles free at J. W. Kelly's drug store.  
Regular size 50c. and \$1.00. Guar-  
anteed to cure or price refunded.

## FROM DWALE.

Correspondence of The Big Stone Gap Post.

DWALE, DICKINSON CO., VA., April 26.—  
Your correspondent learns that the au-  
thorities from Pike county, Ky., arrested  
one Brannon and his daughter at Clint-  
wood a day or two since on a warrant im-  
plicating them in the murder of a woman  
there by the name of Demore, which was  
committed there a few days ago. Bran-  
non's son did the killing by cutting the  
woman with a knife, is still at large. It  
is thought that he came in this direction  
with his father and sister.

Felix Senter, a merchant of Clintwood,  
is organizing a company of volunteers to  
enter the service of the United States in  
case of war with Spain. Mr. Senter served  
as a private in the Confederate army.

Messrs. Hudson and Brown, of LaGrange,  
Ind., are in this section on business. They  
are the owners of considerable realty in  
Dickinson county.

## PRESIDENT J. S. WENTZ.

Of the Virginia Coal and Iron  
Company Denies Rumors.

Dr. J. S. Wentz, president of the  
Virginia Coal and Iron Company, was  
in the city yesterday returning to  
Philadelphia, from a visit to the com-  
pany's plant at Stonegap, Va. A  
Times reporter interrogated Mr.  
Wentz regarding the report published  
in another paper a few days ago to  
the effect that the coke ovens at  
Stonegap were shut down. He replied  
as follows:

"You may state that we are run-  
ning full time. We are in better  
shape than we have been for the past  
six years; we are paying all our bills  
regularly every month, and the re-  
port which I read was as absurd as it  
was untrue. Reports like that tend  
to damage a company, and the same  
has been placed in the hands of the  
company's attorney."

He was greatly agitated over the  
rumor and report and wanted to know  
if that was the way the newspapers in  
the south "helped" her industries.  
The Times reporter assured him it  
was not.

## EFFICIENT MANAGEMENT.

R. W. Croxton, the Richmond  
drummer, was in the city last night  
returning from Stonegap, Va. He  
denied the report to the effect that  
the Virginia Coal and Iron Co. were  
closing down their ovens. He said  
the company was in excellent condi-  
tion financially, and that they were  
doing a splendid business both at the  
store and at the plant. Also that  
within ten days they will have 430  
ovens in operation, and within 30  
days 500 ovens, and that the com-  
pany is figuring on the building of 100  
more ovens by September 1st. Mr.  
Croxton says that Jno. A. Esser,  
superintendent, and Aaron O'Neil,  
the purchaser for the company, are  
men who fill their positions with  
efficiency and are capable of making  
the business successful in every way;  
also they have a thoroughly efficient  
corps of salesmen and bookkeepers,  
and that there is no dissatisfaction  
among the employees.—Bristol Times,  
Sunday.

## Error Corrected.

In our issue of the 20th appeared  
an article saying that the Virginia  
Coal & Iron Co. had closed down its  
ovens at Stonegap because of lack of  
capital to pay its employees. We now  
find that there is not a word of truth  
in said article; that the company has  
never closed down or contemplated  
closing down for a single day, but on  
the contrary has been running on full

Strong, steady nerves  
Are needed for success  
Everywhere. Nerves  
Depend simply, solely,  
Upon the blood.  
Pure, rich, nourishing  
Blood feeds the nerves  
And makes them strong.  
The great nerve tonic is  
Hood's Sarsaparilla,  
Because it makes  
The blood rich and  
Pure, giving it power  
To feed the nerves.  
Hood's Sarsaparilla  
Cures nervousness,  
Dyspepsia, rheumatism,  
Catarrh, scrofula,  
And all forms of  
Impure blood.

time; has more work than it can do;  
has just put in blast thirty new ovens,  
making a total of four hundred and  
thirty ovens now in blast, and is now  
engaged in the erection of seventy  
additional ovens. In addition to all  
this it has recently purchased another  
large tract of land at a cost of  
\$87,500 and is in magnificent finan-  
cial condition in every particular.

We are glad to take this opportu-  
nity to retract the statements con-  
tained in the article referred to and  
greatly regret having given currency  
thereto.

The article referred to was given  
the newspaper by a man who  
claimed to have worked at these  
ovens, but as the statement was a  
false one, we are unable to state what  
object he had in view when he report-  
ed this to the reporter. The reporter  
would under no circumstances, pub-  
lish an article calculated to hurt any  
individual or corporation, and had he  
known the untruthfulness of the re-  
port given him, it would have been  
withheld gladly.

The exchanges of the News will  
please copy this article in order to let  
the truth dominate over the erroneous  
report which has gained publicity.—  
Bristol News.

## WISE DEPARTMENT.

CHAS. T. KILGORE, EDITOR.

Local and Otherwise.

Little Nannie Cox is quite sick at  
her grandmother's. Mrs. Nan Smith,  
near town.

Atty. R. T. Irvine, of Big Stone  
Gap, is attending court this week.

L. M. Dean came up from Norton  
Sunday.

Judge Ahlerson is here from  
Abingdon this week.

Mrs. Grubb and children returned  
Friday from a visit to relatives at  
Tacoma.

Misses Sarah Greer and Vesta  
Addington went to Coeburn Sat-  
urday.

Milburn Gilliam returned from  
Clintwood Friday.

Judge W. T. Miller week to  
Buchanan Saturday.

County court is in session. Quite  
a large crowd is in attendance.

Jeff. Bond, of Coeburn, is with his  
brother, W. H. Bond, at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Hamilton were  
shopping at Norton Wednesday.

Mesdames Dutton and Vickers went  
to Norton Saturday.

W. J. Ashworth, of Tacoma, was  
in town Monday.

Revs. J. B. Craft and G. W. Kil-  
gore will preach here next Sunday.  
Church meeting Saturday at 3 p. m.

Judge Duncan, of Jonesville, arriv-  
ed in the city Tuesday.

Capt. Taylor, J. R. Kidd, W. H.  
Carnes, W. F. Baker, J. C. Willis  
and others, of Big Stone Gap, are in  
the city.

W. S. Palmer and W. C. Robin-  
son came up from Big Stone Gap  
Monday.

## County Court.

Up to this time but very little work  
has been done in county court.

Noah Hyton got \$20 put against  
him for carrying a pistol on Sunday.

J. H. Eller was fined \$100 for sell-  
ing liquor at Stonegap and his honor  
Judge Skeen added 30 days in jail  
for good measure. Chas. Blair will  
be tried for the same offense.

In the Adams case both the Com-  
monwealth and Defendants have an-  
nounced ready and that case will  
probably be disposed of this court.

## Gladeville College.

The present session of Gladeville  
College is nearing its close, and the  
students and faculty are hard at work  
preparing for the approaching com-  
mencement.

The annual sermon before the  
students will be preached on Sunday,  
May 22, by Rev. S. B. Vaughn, of Big  
Stone Gap, Va. The address before  
the literary societies will be delivered  
by H. C. L. Richmond, of Gate City,  
on Monday, the 23rd; and the literary  
address to the students by J. F. Bal-  
litt, of Big Stone Gap, will be de-  
livered on Commencement Day, May 24.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE:  
JOHN B. CULPEPER, Sales Agent,  
Richmond, Va.

# Potash

is one of the three im-  
portant ingredients of  
a complete fertilizer,  
the others are phos-  
phoric acid and nitro-  
gen. Too little Potash is sure to result in a partial crop  
failure.

## Free

An illustrated book which tells what Potash is, how  
it should be used, and how much Potash a well  
fertilizer should contain, is sent free to all applicants.  
Send your address.

GERTMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

An interesting occasion is anticipated.  
The Board of Directors of the Col-  
lege met on last Saturday, and unan-  
imously elected the following faculty  
for the next year: C. Y. Chapman,  
president; Miss L. E. Teaty, first  
assistant; Miss Sarah J. Greear, sec-  
ond assistant; Miss Alice M. Sheppe,  
music teacher; and Prof. Geo. W.  
Durham, principal of Business de-  
partment.

Arrangements were made for fur-  
nishing the new building and printing  
catalogue. The outlook for school is  
flattering.

## Stockholder's Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stock-  
holders of the East Big Stone Gap  
Land and Improvement Company is  
called to meet at the law office of R.  
T. Irvine in the town of Big Stone  
Gap, Va., on Thursday, May 5th,  
1898, at the hour of 10 a. m.

R. T. IRVINE, Pres.  
By I. N. JONES, Secy. 15-18

In the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court  
of the County of Lee.  
S. S. Surgeon, Plaintiff, }  
P. H. Livsey & Co., Defts. } In Chancery.

This day S. S. Surgeon personally  
appeared before me, A. B. Menney, Clerk  
of the said Court, and being duly sworn,  
made oath that P. H. Livsey and Eliza-  
beth Livsey, defendants in the said suit,  
are not residents of the State of Virginia.

Given under my hand as Clerk of the  
said Court, this 9th day of April, 1898,  
aprs 17-20 A. B. MENNEY, Clerk.

266  
GALLANT SAILORS  
BLOWN UP BY  
SPAIN  
On his white squadron of war vessels, but  
it is a different color from ours. We are  
laying on a beautiful color on your dis-  
colored and soiled linen that is as popular  
with people of Big Stone Gap as Uncle  
Sam's new color. For beauty and artistic  
finish our laundry work is unsurpassed.

J. W. KELLY, Agent  
Winchester Power Laundry.

SEEDS FROM OUR  
GROUNDS  
TO YOURS  
We no longer supply our seeds to dealers to  
sell again. At the same time, any-  
one who has bought our seeds of their  
local dealer during either 1896 or 1897 will  
be sent our Manual of "Everything for the  
garden" for FREE provided they  
apply by letter FREE and give the  
name of the local merchant from whom  
they bought. To all others, this magnif-  
icent Manual, every copy of which costs us  
30 cents to place in your hands, will be sent  
free on receipt of 10 cents (stamps) to cover  
postage. Nothing like this Manual has  
ever been seen here or abroad; it is a book  
of 200 pages, contains 500 engravings of  
seeds and 1 plants, mostly new, and these are  
supplemented by 6 full size colored plates  
of the best novelties of the season, finally,  
OUR "SOUVENIR" SEED COLLECTION  
will also be sent without charge to all ap-  
plicants sending 10 cts. for the Manual who will  
state where they saw this advertisement.